

- It also plans the building required in the campus as also the need for adding facility to the students to concentrate on their education.

### **5) ANTI-RAGGING COMMITTEE:**

Ragging has ruined numerous innocent lives and careers. In order to destroy it, Hon'ble Supreme Court in Civil Appeal No. 887 of 2009, passed the judgement wherein guidelines were issued for setting up of a Central Crisis Hotline and Anti-Ragging database. Matoshree Vimalabai Deshmukh Mahavidyalaya has Anti-Ragging Committee cell which takes timely redressal of the students. In the beginning of every session the Anti-Ragging cell works to create awareness, conduct workshop against ragging threat and orient the students. It is also reflected in the college prospectus (2022-23, page no. 41) . The students (girls & boys) are given the idea about the working of the Anti-Ragging cell in the respective classes. It is notified in girl's hostel, canteen and playground and so on.

Students have direct access to the members of Anti-ragging authority. Student suggestion box is placed in the college. The complaints received from the student or any kind of harassment in campus is forwarded to the Anti-Ragging Cell. The members of the cell meet twice in the session or as per the requirement of the action to be taken against any grievance or trouble. The issue is discussed and resolved according to its intensity. An annual report is prepared by the Anti-Ragging cell and it is forwarded to the Principal of the college.

**Link: Indian Kanoon – <http://indiankanoon.org/doc/1010421/>**

- **Objectives of Anti Ragging Committee:**

Anti-Ragging Committee will be the Supervisory and Advisory Committee on matters of Planning, Actions for Building and Preserving a Culture of Ragging Free Environment in the college Campus. The Anti Ragging Squad works under the Supervision of Anti Ragging Committee and to engage in the works of checking places like Hostels, Canteens, Classrooms and other places of student, for any incidences of Ragging, and shall educate the students at large in the college about threat of Ragging and related Punishment Provisions. Anti Ragging Committee is involved in designing strategies and action plan for reduction the threat of Ragging in the college by adopting the activities.

(Maharashtra Prohibition of ragging Act 1999 (Act no. 33 of 99))

➤ **Composition of Anti Ragging Committee:**

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Contact No.
	E-mail Id		
1)	Principal, Dr. Smita R. Desmukh , (principalsmitadeshmukh@gmail.com)	Chairperson	9130430320
2)	Smt. S. S. Mohod	Convener	9775982047
3)	Dr. C. N. Vidhale,	Member	9970172452
4)	Mrs. A. P. Harne	Member	8999075065
5)	Dr. S. B. Deshmukh.	Member	7057846814

- Link for more information:

Anti Ragging Cell- <https://www.antiragging.in/>

✚ ***Be Proud to be MVDM Student and make the  
Campus Ragging Free***

**'SAY NO TO RAGGING'**



Ragging is neither a means of familiarization, nor an introduction with fresher's, but a form of Psychopathic behaviour. Ragging is a violation of Human Rights. Respect Humanitarian Values. Ragging is a heinous crime, heavily punishable under law. Ragging may **SPOIL YOUR CAREER** forever.

➤ **Following Acts with Fresher shall amount to Ragging:**

- To force to address seniors as 'Sir '
- To force to perform mass drills.
- To force to copy class notes for the seniors.
- To force to serve various errands.
- To force to do menial jobs for the seniors.
- To ask/answer vulgar questions.
- To force look at pornographic pictures to shock the fresher's out of their innocence.
- To force to drink alcohol, scalding tea, smoking, etc.
- To force to do acts this can lead to physical injury/ mental torture or death.
- To force to do acts with sexual overtones, including homosexual acts.

• **Punitive Measures for Ragging :**

Depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence as established by the Anti-Ragging Committee of the College, the possible punishments for those found guilty of ragging shall be one or any combination of the following:

- Cancellation of admission.
- Suspension from attending classes.
- Debarring from any test/examination or any other evaluation process
- Ragging within or outside of institution is prohibited.
- Teasing Embarrassing and Humiliation = Rs. 1,000 + 6 months Imprisonment
- Assaulting or using criminal force or criminal intimidation = Rs.2,000 + 1 year Imprisonment
- Wrongfully restraining or confining or causing hurt = Rs. 5,000 + 2 years Imprisonment
- Causing grievous hurt, kidnapping or rape or committing unnatural offense = Rs. 10,000 + 5 years Imprisonment
- Causing death or abetting suicide = Rs. 50,000 + 10 years imprisonment



## **Anti ranging Act :**

THE RULES OF PROHIBITING RAGGING  
 HIGHER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT  
 Mantralaya Annex, Mumbai 400 032, dated the 19th May 1999  
 NOTIFICATION MAHARASHTRA PROHIBITION OF RAGGING  
 ACT, 1999.

section {2} of section 1 of the Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging act, 1999 {Man. XXXIII of 1999), the Government of Maharashtra hereby appoints the 1 day of June 1999 to be the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Maharashtra, V.P. Raja, Secretary to Government In pursuance of clause (3) of article 348 of the Constitution of India, the following translation in English of the Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act, 1999 (Mah, XXXIII of 1999), is hereby published under the authority of the Governor.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Maharashtra, PRATIMAUMARJI, Secretary to Government, Law and Judiciary Department.

MAHARAHSTRA ACT NO. No. XXXIII OF 1999.

(First published, after having received the assent of the Governor in the "Maharashtra Government Gazette", on the 15 May 1999.)

An Act to prohibit ragging in educational institutions in the State of Maharashtra

WHEREAS it is expedient to-enact a special law to prohibit ragging in educational institutions in the State of Maharashtra. It is hereby enacted in the Fiftieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:

**(1) Short title and commencement:**

- This Act may be called the Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act, 1999.
- It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

**(2) Definitions:**

1. "Educational institution" means and includes a college, or other institution by whatever name called, carrying on the activity or imparting education therein (either exclusively or among other activities); and includes an orphanage or a boarding home or hostel or a tutorial institution or any other premises attached thereto;

2. "Head of the educational institution" means the Vice-Chancellor of the University, dean of Medical Faculty, Director of the Institution or the Principal, headmaster or the person responsible for the management of the educational institution;

3. "Ragging" means display of disorderly conduct, doing of any act which causes or is likely to cause physical psychological harm or raise apprehension or fear or shame or embarrassment to a student in any educational institution and includes

(i) teasing, abusing, threatening or playing practical jokes on, or causing hurt to, such student; or

(ii) Asking a student to do any act or perform something which such student will not, in the ordinary course, willingly, do.

(3) Prohibition of ragging Ragging within or outside of any educational institution is prohibited.

**(4) Penalty for ragging:**

Whoever directly or indirectly commits, participates in, abets or propagates ragging within or outside any education institution shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years and shall also be liable to a fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees.

**(5) Dismissal of student:**

Any student convicted of an offence under section 4 shall be dismissed from the educational institution and such student shall not be admitted in any other educational institution for a period of five years from the date of order of such dismissal.

**(6) Suspension of student:**

1. Whenever any student or, as the case may be, the parent or guardian, or a teacher of an educational institution complains, in writing, of ragging to the head of the educational institution, the head of that educational institution shall, without prejudice to the foregoing provisions, within seven days of the receipt of the complaint, enquire into the matter mentioned in the complaint and if; prima facie, it is found true, suspend the student who is accused of the offence, and shall, immediately forward the complaint to the police station having

jurisdiction over the area in which the educational institution is situated, for flirter action.

2. Where, on enquiry by the head of the educational institution, it is proved that there is no substance, prima facie, in the complaint received under sub-section

(1), he shall intimate the fact, in writing, to the complainant.

3. The decision of the head of the educational institution that the student has indulged in ragging under sub-section (1), shall be final

**(7) Deemed abetment:**

If the head of the educational institution fails or neglects to take action in the manner specified in section 6 when a complaint of ragging is made, such person shall be deemed to have abetted the offence of ragging and shall, on conviction, be punished as provided for in section 4. Power to make rules

**(8) (1)** The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, amend for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Act.

(2) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before each House of the State Legislature, while it is in session for total period of thirty days, which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if; before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both houses agree in making any modification in the rules or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, and notified such decision in the Official Gazette, the rule shall from the date of publication of such notification, have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.

*Dr. S. D. Thakare*

**Coordinator**  
DR. S. D. THAKARE  
Coordinator, I.Q.A.C.

Matoshree Vimalabai Deshmukh Mahavidyalaya  
Amravati



*Principals*

**Principal**

Principal  
Matoshree Vimalabai Deshmukh Mahavidyalaya  
Shivaji Nagar Amravati 444603 (M.S.)